



## Healthcare on The Spot

Presented by Jaeson Smith, MPH "Addressing the Syndemic through Improved Program Coordination and Service Integration" May 23<sup>rd</sup> 2022



Brandon M. Scott Mayor, Baltimore City Letitia Dzirasa, M.D. Commissioner of Health, Baltimore City @Bmore\_Healthy ♥
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# **The Spot's Mission**

To meet people where they are at by offering integrated, streamlined, **PWUD-centered** services to communities in Baltimore affected by drug use





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- Syndemic of opioid use and related morbidities
- Harnessed expertise from two well-established BCHD programs
  - Syringe services program
  - Sexual health clinics
- Added new services for PWUD buprenorphine and wound care



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# Integrated Care: Low Threshold Access to Services

- POC testing, phlebotomy on-site
- Treatment
  - Opioid use disorder treatment with buprenorphine
  - Rapid Start ART
  - HCV evaluation and treatment
  - Syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, trichomonas treatment
  - PrEP
  - Wound Care
- Naloxone education and distribution
- Vaccinations (hepatitis A, influenza, COVID)
- Case management





# Sites & Partnerships

## <u>Sites</u>

- 8 different locations
- 6 of these are offered drug treatment program added
- 2 are directly co-located with the syringe exchange
- All other times that they are at places where the syringe exchange goes to their locations

## Partnerships

- Harm Reduction (2)
- Opioid Treatment (1)



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# Spot Patient Engagement 9/4/18-11/23/19

- 569 total patients served, range 1-45 visits per person (mean 6.5 visits)
- Opioid use disorder
  - 74% (n=420) with OUD prescribed buprenorphine
- 56% were retained in treatment at one month, 27% at three months
- HCV
  - 403 people were tested for HCV
  - 183 (32% of total) were HCV+, including 90 reporting previously known diagnosis
  - 20 people were prescribed treatment, 8 had documented cure
- HIV
  - 439 people were tested for HIV;
  - 35 (6% of total) were HIV+: 3 newly diagnosed, 32 previously diagnosed
    - 23 already in care and on ART
    - 12 needed treatment 4 engaged in care on the Spot, 2 linked to outside clinics





# COVID-19, How to Return and Looking Forward

- Transitioned to telemedicine for buprenorphine since COVID-19
- Actively re-opening in person services with COVID-19 protocols
- Expansion to HCV specific treatment sites with partners
  - Opioid treatment programs
  - Harm reduction centers
  - Syringe services program



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# **Approaching Hepatitis as a SYNDEMIC**

Requires the utilization of all tools, resources, and partners to achieve our goals.

- Testing
- Vaccines
- Treatment
- Providers
- Community Partnerships



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Thank you!

## Questions?

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> Bobby Harris – Director of Clinical Services <u>Robert.harris@baltimorecity.gov</u>

Dr. Amanda Rosencrans – HIV/HCV Medical Director <u>Amanda.Rosecrans@baltimorecity.gov</u>



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## STRENGTHENING SYSTEMS OF CARE FOR PEOPLE WITH HIV & OPIOID USE DISORDER

## HRSA SPNS Project Overview Kirsten Forseth, NASTAD Drug User Health



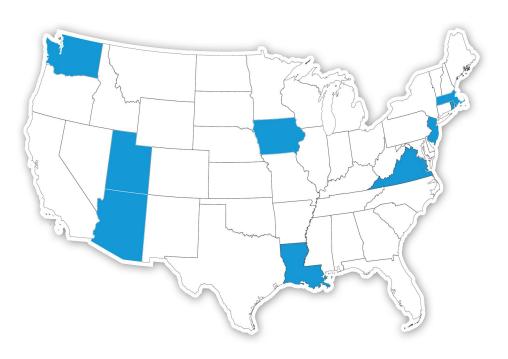


# Background

- In 2018, the RWHAP served 43,129 clients who reported injection drug use (IDU) as part of their initial HIV transmission risk.
- People with HIV (PWH) and opioid use disorder (OUD) have poorer HIV-related treatment outcomes than PWH without OUD.
- Traditionally, RWHAP has been building comprehensive systems of care to address health care needs of PWH.
- These systems of care include behavioral health care for PWH. However, as the HIV epidemic changes, systems of care also need to adapt to meet the growing needs.



# STRENGTHENING SYSTEMS OF CARE INITIATIVE



- Enhance system-level coordination and networks of care among Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) recipients and other federal, state, and local entities
- Ensure that people with HIV and OUD have access to care, treatment, and recovery services that are coordinated, client-centered, and culturally responsive
- Nine state partners
- Three year project (2019-2022) implemented by JSI, Inc. in partnership with NASTAD



# APPROACH

TA Delivery modalities:

- Monthly calls
- Quarterly cross-state webinars
- Coordinate with other TA providers in the state (AETCs, ATTCs, TRCs, other)
- Identify existing TA resources and activities, develop new TA resources
- Convene collaborative work groups on clinical focus areas or subpopulations

State participants include representatives from the following programs:

- RWHAP Part B
- Behavioral health





# **LEVELS OF SYSTEMS STRENGTHENING**

- Federal and state priorities and funding
- Federal and state policies
- Cross-sector partners at state level
- State data infrastructure and systems
- Consumer/client participation
- TA providers: federal- and state-funded
- Contract/procurement processes and requirements
- HIV and OUD service delivery network



# **PROJECT OUTCOMES**

- Strengthened systems of care to address OUD and HIV treatment, care, and recovery needs
- Increased cross-sector collaboration across federal, state, and local partners
- Improved system-level coordination and leveraging of available resources
- Enhanced care and treatment services to deliver optimal patient-centered and culturally responsive care



Improved health outcomes of people with HIV and OUD



## ADDRESSING THE SYNDEMIC THROUGH IMPROVED PROGRAM COORDINATION AND SERVICE INTEGRATION



#### WASHINGTON STATE

Jonathan Stockton Adult Viral Hepatitis Prevention Coordinator Washington State Department of Health Jon.Stockton@doh.wa.gov Jessica Blose Washington State Opioid Treatment Authority Health Care Authority Jessica.Blose@hca.wa.gov

#### Agenda

- Hep C Free WA Initiative HCV Elimination in WA State
- Integration of infectious disease services within Behavioral Health settings
- Collaboration and Partnership between state agencies to address challenges
- Ongoing efforts to integrate HCV screening and treatment efforts into OTP and SUD settings
- Ongoing challenges

#### Governor Inslee issued directive on September 28, 2018 to eliminate Hepatitis C in Washington by 2030



September 28, 2018

To: Washington State Executive and Small-Cabinet Agencies

From: Governor Jay Inslee

Subject: Eliminating Hepatitis C in Washington by 2030 through combined public health efforts and a new medication purchasing approach

This year, an estimated 65,000 Washingtonians are living with the chronic Hepatitis C Virus (HCV), but fortunately, we now have a cure. HCV is the leading cause of liver cancer and liver transplants. The virus also causes other health problems, including debilitating fatigue, which can significantly impact the quality of life of those affected.

 $\rm HCV$  is the most common block-borne disease in the United States, and in Washington, from 2012 to 2017, nearly 40,000 new cases of HCV were reported, increasing each year. And while deaths from other inflectious diseases have steadily decland over the past Acade, HCV-related deaths continue to rise, now exceeding all deaths from other reportable infectious conditions combined.

Nextly acquired HCV-infection reports show a 126% increase in Washington between 2013 and 2017 when compared to the pice'n toy ware, an increase inked to the opicio crisis. And while the disease has historically impacted Baby Boomen (those bon between 1945 and 1965), younger people are now contacting the disease with greater frequency, gain related to opicid use. Ultimately, Washington's HCV-related hospitalization charges totaled \$114 million between 2010 and 2014.

Confronting the HCV crisis is challenging because many Washingtonians living with HCV do not know they are infected. So, to reach affected communities, we must make enhanced public health efforts, including efforts to improve education, preventive services, and early detection of HCV to treat and cure existing infections and curb do normal transmission of the virus.

Fortmately, we see an opportunity to take action against HCV. In 2017, the National Academies of Sciences, Engeneering, and Medicine released 7. Mixtonal Strategy routining how the United States can are nearly 30,000 lives from HCV-selated dentis and eliminate HCV by 2030. Moreover, medications now exist to cure HCV in nearly all people appropriately linked to, and retianed in, care. HCV drugs are expensive, but we can drive down costs by applying new purchasing strategies in which state agency headth care purchasers collaborate with

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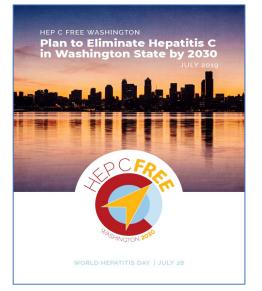


Photos from Seattle Times, september 20, "Inslee: Erase hepatitis C in Washington by 2030"

https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/18-13%20-%20Hepatitis%20C%20Elimination.p

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#### Hep C Free Washington's Plan



- Elimination plan released in July 2019
- Plan comprised of 15 goals and 90 recommendations
- Goal 6: Improve access to and use of preventive and health care services in non-clinical settings through expansion and co-location of services.

**Expand the provision of clinical services**, including HCV and other infectious disease screening and diagnostic testing (e.g., HIV testing, HBV testing, testing for sexually transmitted infections), linkage to care services, HCV treatment, vaccination (e.g., against HAV and HBV), wound care, overdose education and naloxone distribution in high-impact settings (settings that serve a high proportion of clientele who inject drugs, such as syringe service programs, **substance use disorder treatment facilities. opioid treatment programs**, organizations serving people experiencing homelessness).

https://www.doh.wa.gov/Portals/1/Documents/Pubs/150nonDOH-HepCFreeWA-PlanJuly2019.pdf

### Integration of Infectious Disease Services in SUD/OTP Settings

- 2020 HHS Affinity Group supporting state-generated solutions to eliminating HCV
  - Exploring opportunities to co-locate HCV screening and treatment with treatment for substance use disorder.
  - In partnership with WA Health Care Authority and University of WA developed a survey for OTP program administrators and Medical directors for all 28 OTPs in WA State.
  - Survey findings (barriers to OTP and HCV integration):
    - Adequate staffing
    - Laboratory capacity
    - Client related barriers
    - Sufficient space to deliver clinical care
    - Program reimbursement for HCV clinical services

#### Integration of Infectious Disease Services in SUD/OTP Settings

#### Surveyed OTP Program Administrators

- Most frequent response to Apple Health reimbursement levels for HCV clinical services were "not offered" or "do not know"
- Reimbursement amounts for clinical services are "unknown" (31.3%)
- Reimbursement rates are "least satisfactory" (12.5%)
- Discussions with OTP sites through monthly calls indicated –
  - Reimbursement rates are low for those who do offer services
  - Billing for physical services vs. behavioral services is a challenge

 Table 3 Apple Health Reimbursement Levels for Hepatitis C Clinical and Behavioral Services Reported by

 Program Administrators (n = 16 administrators representing 16 programs)

- HCV Clinical Service	Level of Apple Health Reimbursement for the Service				Not Offering the Service or Not Sure	
	None n (%)	Very Poor or Poor n (%)	Satisfactory or Good n (%)	Excellent	Do Not Know n (%)	Not offered
Hepatitis A Immunization	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	3 (18.8)	11 (68.8)
Hepatitis B Immunization	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	3 (18.8)	11 (68.8)
Hepatitis C Rapid Screen	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	5 (31.3)	10 (62.5)
Hepatitis C RNA Test	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	5 (31.3)	10 (62.5)
Provider Visit for Hepatitis C Care	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	2 (12.5)	0 (0.0)	4 (25.0)	9 (56.3)
Hepatitis C Medication	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (18.8)	12 (75.0)
Directly Observed Medication Therapy	2 (12.5)	1(6.3)	0 (0.0)	1(6.3)	4 (25.0)	8 (50.0)
Hepatitis C Education	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	4 (25.0)	0 (0.0)	4 (25.0)	7 (43.8)
Care Management	4 (25.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (18.8)	1 (6.3)	3 (18.8)	5 (31.3)
Peer Support	2 (12.5)	0 (0.0)	2 (12.5)	1 (6.3)	4 (25.0)	7 (43.8)

Integration of Infectious Disease Services in SUD/OTP Settings Collaboration to Address Challenges

- Key partnerships between behavioral health agencies, Medicaid, and Office of Infectious Disease (WA DOH)
  - Behavioral Health Agencies
    - Majority of programs (OTP/SUD) programs indicated a strong desire to integrate HCV screening and treatment services.
    - Policy change to the WAC/RCW to mandate HCV services would not be feasible due to funding.
    - Reimbursement rates for the delivery of physical services was too low for programs to sustain services and/or lack of understanding how to bill for physical services.
    - Care coordination was highlighted as a major need among programs.
    - Identifying providers to treat and manage care for clients is a barrier for programs who do not have a clinician on-site.

#### Integration of Infectious Disease Services in SUD/OTP Settings Ongoing Efforts

#### Partnership between HCA/SOTA/DOH staff setting up meaningful planning on this topic

#### • A legislative ask for funding (HCA and DOH)

- 530 legislative ask in Governor's Opioid Legislation from 2019
- Lead to legislative/Governor's report in 2021 "Complex Treatment Needs of Individuals with OTP" for standardizing services in OTP settings, above and beyond requirements in state and federal law.
- Recommendations in report around infectious disease
- Proposed rates and proposed Medicaid budget changes (HCA)
  - Enhancing OTP to Medicare Rates
  - HCA attempt at a decision package in 2022 Legislative session
  - Outcome- not successful, but we are going to keep going
- Strategies within Medicaid's normal authority/book of business (HCA and DOH)
  - Clarifying with MCO that OTP should be able to do infectious disease work fee-for-service
  - Working on a billing guide for Viral Hep work for OTP
- Proposed changes in OTP standards and development of a COE- Phase 2 (HCA)
  - Planning for the future
  - Alternative payment model
  - Helping OTP to become patient centered medical home

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## **Challenges and Observations**

- Partnership between Behavioral Health, Medicaid, and DOH is essential. Specifically, working with HCA's Treatment Authority.
- OTP/SUD "buy-in" for integrating HCV screening/treatment services among programs was leveraged by HCV elimination efforts.
- Understanding state agency roles vs. Governors and Legislature's role
- Integrating physical services within behavioral health agencies is complex

   it involves; staff training, clinic flow development, established referral system, billing infrastructure, etc..
- Appropriate sustainable funding is critical for programs to integrate HCV services. Public Health funding is not enough.

# **STOP HIV IOWA**

# **Strengthening Systems of Care**

Integrating HIV and viral hepatitis services into SUD treatment settings

Randy Mayer, Chief, Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis Iowa Department of Public Health

## **Systems Integration Coordinator (2017)**

- Shared staff member between Bureau of Substance Abuse & Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis embedded in both bureaus
- Serves as a liaison between the two bureaus and coordinates collaborative work
- Identifies opportunities for collaboration and integration using a syndemic approach
- Assesses needs and develops training/educational materials for the workforce
- Braided funding to support the position State Opioid Response (SOR), Opioid Data to Action (OD2A) and Viral Hepatitis Component 3



#### Health Initiatives for People Who Use Drugs (HIPWUD)

- Facilitated/coordinated by the Systems Integration Coordinator
- Group of multi-sector professionals and people with lived experience
- Serves as an advisory body for the Bureau of Substance Abuse and the Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis
- Works to develop and disseminate evidence-based recommendations for public health policies and practices grounded in harm reduction and social justice principles



**ISTOP HIV IOWA** 

## JSI-SSC Technical Assistance Plan Goals

- 1. Develop the internal infrastructure to support coordinated HIV and SUD care.
- 2. Develop mechanisms to improve cross-sector relationships and coordination.
- 3. Increase knowledge and skills of HIV and SUD providers to provide integrated services.
- 4. Use available funding that contributes to shared program goals (between HIV and SUD).
- 5. Strengthen community engagement to inform policies and practices that enhance access to HIV and SUD prevention, care, and treatment services for all populations.
- 6. Improve data coordination and sharing across HIV and SUD sectors to foster shared planning, resource allocation, and integrated implementation.



## Workforce Capacity & Development

Goal: Increase knowledge and skills of HIV and SUD providers to provide integrated service.

Workforce Assessment: Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practices (KAP)

- HIV prevention workforce (N=35)
- Ryan White/HIV care workforce (N=33)
- Peer recovery coaches at SUD treatment facilities (N=25)

Technical assistance and capacity building plan developed to address needs identified in the assessment.



## Integrating HIV, HCV, and STI Testing in State Opioid Response (SOR) Services (18 agencies)

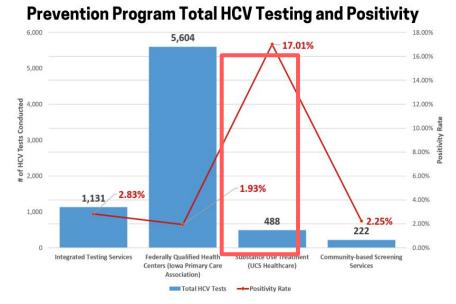
Organizational Technical Assistance & Capacity Building

- Implementation Technical Assistance (developed and provided by Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis staff)
  - Implementation Checklist
  - Consent Guidance
  - Training Videos
    - Testing Implementation
    - Rapid Testing Technology
    - Third Party Billing
  - Additional Resources
    - Screening Guidelines Quick Reference
    - Additional Training Reference
  - Individual Technical Assistance



## Integrating HIV and HCV into MAT Services

- Partnership between Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis and MAT providers
- Routine screening integrated into 14 MAT clinics
- IDPH provides rapid HIV & HCV test-kits at no-cost for clients who are uninsured, underinsured, or have privacy concerns
- 2021
  - 0.43% HIV positivity rate
  - 17.01% HCV positivity rate
- Generating 340B revenue

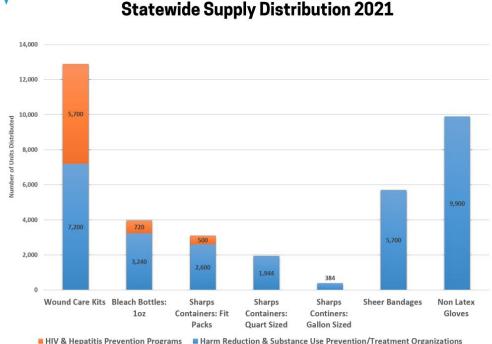


\*Data are not de-duplicated. Numbers represent testing instances and not unique individuals.



#### **Prevention & Harm Reduction Supply Distribution**

- Partnership between Bureau of HIV, STD, and Bureau of Substance Abuse
- Provide free supplies to organizations serving people who inject drugs including
  - Community-based harm reduction organizations
  - Substance use prevention and treatment agencies
  - HIV/HCV prevention and testing programs



**STOP HIV IOWA** 

## **Future Efforts**

- Sustainability strategic planning
- Data-sharing agreement
- Assessing the need for a cross-bureau data team
- Integrating HIV & HCV testing into peer-led programs
- Continued workforce development



# **STOP HIV IOWA**

Randy Mayer Chief, Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis Randall.Mayer@idph.iowa. gov Liz Sweet Systems Integration Coordinator Liz.Sweet@idph.iowa.gov Biz McChesney HIV & Hepatitis Program Manager Biz.McChesney@idph.iowa.gov Addressing the Syndemic through Improved Program Coordination and Service Integration

Discussion and Q & A

## Thank you!

# Please enjoy a break followed by a plenary session starting at 3:00pm:

Making it Work: Distilling Policies into Practical Solutions