Employing Status-Neutral Approaches to End the HIV Epidemic

Webinar 4:

Status-Neutral Messaging and Promotion for EHE March 8, 2022 | 2:00 – 3:30 PM

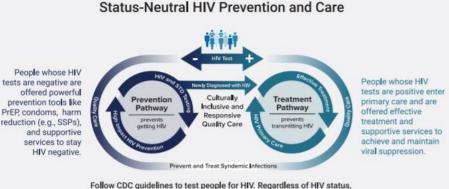


Status-Neutral Approach Guidance

- NHAS: Incorporate a statusneutral approach to HIV testing, offering linkage to prevention services for people who test negative and immediate linkage to HIV care and treatment for those who test positive.
- Integrated Plan Guidance: Implement innovative program models that integrate HIV prevention and care with other services and other service organizations as a means to address comorbid conditions and to promote a status neutral approach to care.

BOX 5 STATUS-NEUTRAL APPROACH TO HIV SERVICES

Adoption of a status-neutral approach to HIV services—in which HIV testing serves as an entry point to services regardless of positive or negative result—can improve testing as well as prevention and care outcomes.



Follow CDC guidelines to test people for HIV. Regardless of HIV status, quality care is the foundation of HIV prevention and effective treatment. Both pathways provide people with the tools they need to stay healthy and stop HIV.

Figure 7. CDC's HIV status-neutral approach to HIV services

People who receive a negative HIV test result are offered powerful tools that prevent HIV, which may include pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and information about access to condoms and sexual health and harm reduction services. The prevention pathway emphasizes a consistent return to HIV testing and facilitates seamless entry to treatment for people who later receive a positive test result.

People who receive a positive HIV test result should be quickly engaged in HIV primary care and prescribed effective treatment to help them achieve and maintain an undetectable viral load and to tend to their other non-HIV-related health care. An undetectable viral load essentially eliminates the risk of sexual HIV transmission and enables people with HIV to live long, healthy lives.



Agenda

National Coalition of STD Directors (NCSD)

Michael Canty, MPH, Senior Manager, Clinical Programs

Gwinnett, Newton, & Rockdale County Health Departments

- Dorian Freeman, MPH, MSN, ASN, Clinical Infectious Disease Program Director
- Yazmin Silva, Community Health Worker

Trans Equity Consulting

- Mateo Belen, MSW, Consultant
- Kaiser Family Foundation
 - Robbyn Kistler, B.S., Social Impact Media Consultant
- Q&A
- Wrap Up



Creating Status Neutral Health Communications

Michael Canty Senior Manager, Clinical Programs National Coalition of STD Directors



Setting the Scene

THEN

Unintentionally, many prevention efforts were oriented at keeping people apart.

- Abstinence
- Avoidance
- Choosing partners based on HIV status

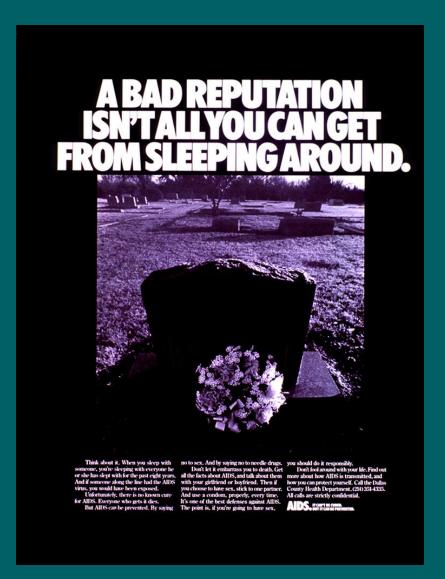
NOW

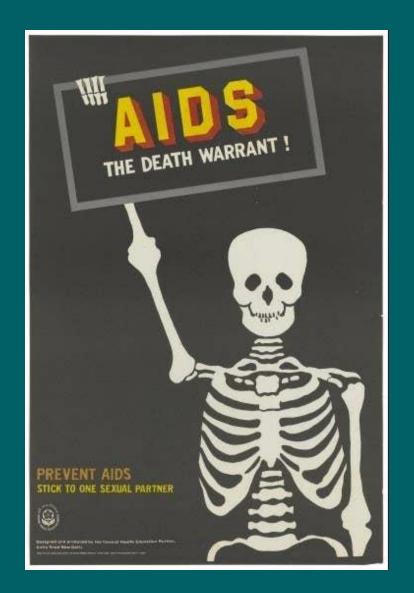
Today we have the opportunity to reduce stigma.

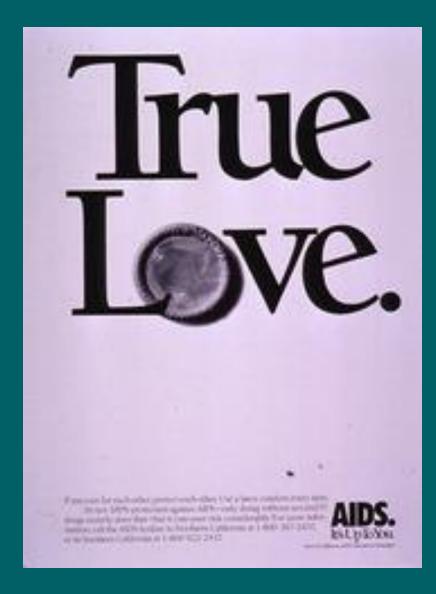
- More knowledge about HIV
- Access to better treatment
- New prevention methods

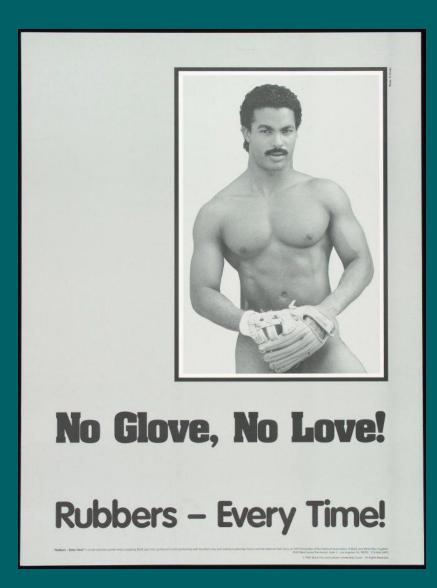












Goals of Status Neutral Health Communications

01 1. Reduce stigma



2. Encourage HIV testing 03

3. Fosterconversations aboutHIV

prevention among



01. Reduce Stigma

"Stigmatizing others enables people to achieve ends they desire. The key ends that are serviced by stigma are summarized by J. C.P. et al. as keeping people down (exploitation), keeping people in (norm enforcement), and keeping people away (disease avoidance)."

- Hatzenbuehler et al., 2013

01. Reduce Stigma

"Our findings provide conclusive evidence that the risk of HIV transmission through anal sex when HIV viral load is suppressed is **effectively zero**. Among the 782 serodifferent gay couples followed for almost 1600 eligible couple-years of follow-up, which included **more than 76 000 reports of condomless sex**, we found zero cases of within-couple HIV transmission." (cont'd on next slide)

01. Reduce Stigma

"In the absence of ART, on the basis of the frequency and type of sex, for receptive condomless anal sex acts alone approximately 472 transmissions (95% CI 83–714) would have been expected."

- Rodgers et al., 2019 (PARTNER2)

02. Encourage Testing

- Communicate power in knowing one's status
- Overcome information avoidance (next slide)
- Proactive messaging about HIV treatment, viral suppression
- Create "no wrong door" to enter through test counseling



03. Foster Conversations Among Partners

- "Are you on PrEP?" is not enough
- To fully realize the potential of viral suppression, everybody must be aware and understand
- Who does the burden of education fall on?

I am open to

Relationships, Random Play/NSA, Dates

My sex preferences & safety practices

Treatment as Prevention, I am taking PrEP

What I do

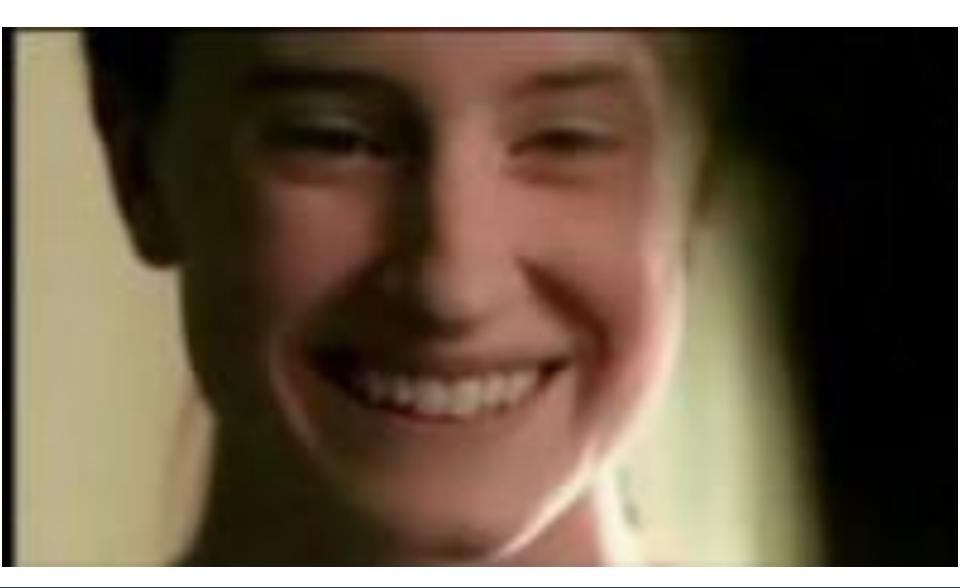
Aspiring Labatt Blue spokesmodel

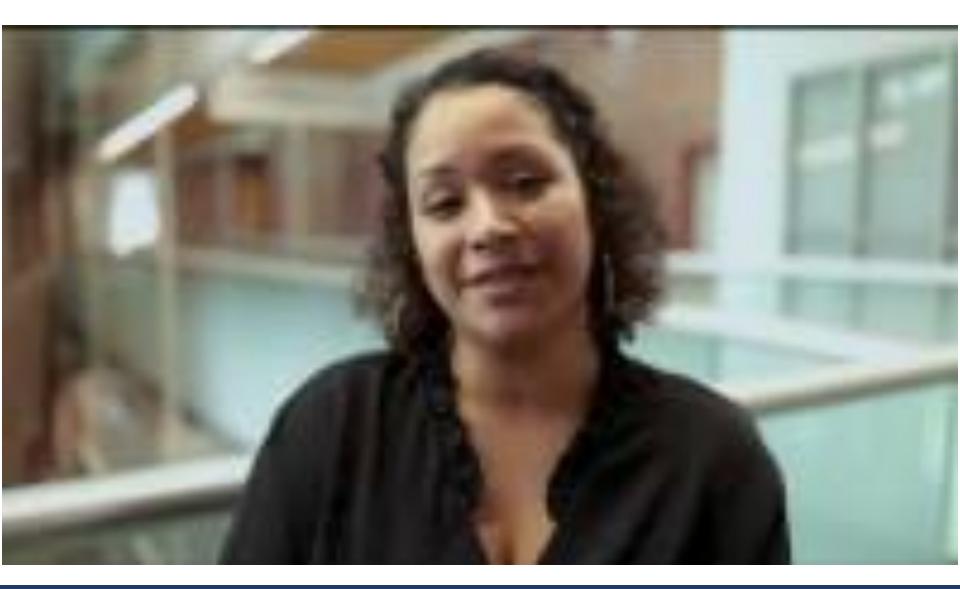
People living with HIV and people with ongoing risk for exposure

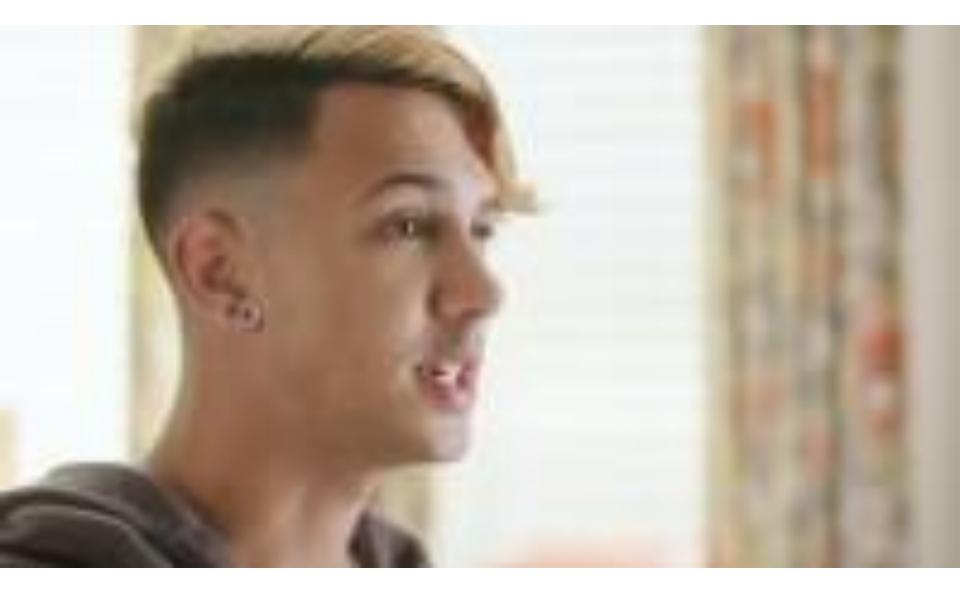
Providers of HIV care, STD, PrEP, and PEP services

Healthcare providers, public health professionals, supportive service providers, health department staff_____

Community











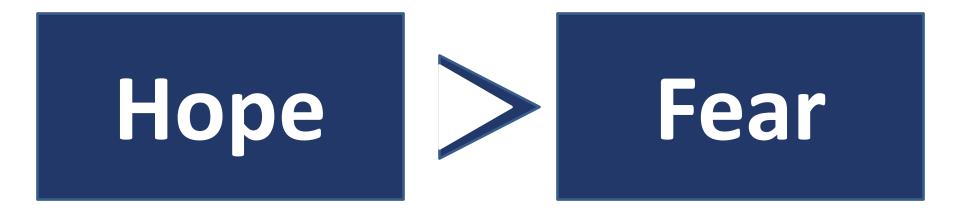
HIV Treatment

- Patient must be HIV positive
- Daily medication
- Ongoing appointment required to monitor adherence and viral load
- Typically <45 days to viral suppression
- No onward transmission

Prep Requires initial HIV test

- Patient must be HIV negative
- Daily medication
- Ongoing appointment required to monitor adherence and confirm status
- Reaches full protection within 21 days
- No onward transmission

What It All Comes Down To



References

Cambiano, Bruun, T., Degen, O., Geretti, A. M., Raben, D., Coll, P., Antinori, A., Weber, R., Van Eeden, A., Raffi, F., Wandeler, G., Gerstoft, J., Kitchen, M., Leon, A., Ristola, M., Lundgren, J., Coll, P., Meulbroek, M., Carrillo, A., ... Redondo, E. G. (2019). Risk of HIV transmission through condomless sex in serodifferent gay couples with the HIV-positive partner taking suppressive antiretroviral therapy (PARTNER): final results of a multicentre, prospective, observational study. *The Lancet (British Edition), 393*(10189), 2428–2438. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(19)30418-0</u>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *HIV/AIDS special surveillance report*. (2003). Dept. of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *ssociation*, *316*(2), 171–181. https://doi.org/10.1001/jama.2016.5148

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Sexually Transmitted Disease Surveillance 2019. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2021.

Jonathan E. Volk, Julia L. Marcus, Tony Phengrasamy, Derek Blechinger, Dong Phuong Nguyen, Stephen Follansbee, C. Bradley Hare, No New HIV Infections With Increasing Use of HIV Preexposure Prophylaxis in a Clinical Practice Setting, *Clinical Infectious Diseases*, Volume 61, Issue 10, 15 November 2015, Pages 1601–1603, https://doi.org/10.1093/cid/civ778

Rodger, Cambiano, V., Bruun, T., Vernazza, P., Collins, S., van Lunzen, J., Corbelli, G. M., Estrada, V., Geretti, A. M., Beloukas, A., Asboe, D., Viciana, P., Gutiérrez, F., Clotet, B., Pradier, C., Gerstoft, J., Weber, R., Westling, K., Wandeler, G., ... Lundgren, J. (2016). Sexual Activity Without Condoms and Risk of HIV Transmission in Serodifferent Couples When the HIV-Positive Partner Is Using Suppressive Antiretroviral Therapy. JAMA : the Journal of the American Medical A



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STATUS-NEUTRAL APPROACHES FOR HIV PREVENTION AND CARE

Ending the HIV Epidemic with Provider Engagement



ENDING THE HIV EPIDEMIC STRATEGIES



J.

Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible.

Treat people with HIV rapidly and effectively to reach sustained viral suppression.





Prevent new HIV transmissions by using proven interventions, including pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and syringe services programs (SSPs).

Respond quickly to potential HIV outbreaks to get needed prevention and treatment services to people who need them.



EHE STRATEGIES: Diagnose



- Approximately 1 in 7 (nearly 15%) individuals with HIV are unaware of their status
- 40% of new HIV infections are transmitted by people undiagnosed and unaware they have HIV
 - Early detection coupled with rapid linkage to care is critical
 - Improved, more accessible, and routine testing
 - CDC recommends individuals between the ages of 13-64 get tested for HIV at least once as part of routine health care; those with risk factors get tested more frequently
- Primary care providers (PCPs) are the front line for detecting and preventing the spread of HIV



MISSED OPPORTUNITIES

- Despite seeing a PCP, many people at high risk for HIV are not getting tested every year
- More than 75% of patients at high risk for HIV who saw a PCP in the last year weren't offered an HIV test during their visit
- Patients high risk for HIV should be screened at least annually:
 - PWID and their partners
 - People who exchange sex for money or drugs
 - Sex partners of people with HIV
 - Sexually active MSM (more frequent testing may be beneficial; every 3-6 months
 - MSM or heterosexual persons who themselves or whose sex partners have had more than one sex partner since their most recent HIV test
 - People receiving treatment for hepatitis, tuberculosis, or a sexually transmitted disease



EHE STRATEGIES

DIAGNOSE:

- Routinize HIV testing incorporate in annual testing
- Test more frequently when risk factors are identified
 - Requires discussing sexual health and risk factors with all patients
- Make testing options available outside or routine and episodic clinical care
 - Outreach based testing
 - Home testing options

TREAT:

- Increasing the proportion of people with HIV who are virally suppressed is a key strategy to prevent new HIV transmission
- Rapid Linkage to Care Critical
- Goal: increase viral suppression to 90% nationally by 2030;
 - Currently, CDC estimates the overall viral suppression rate in the U.S. is 53%

EHE STRATEGIES (cont.)



PREVENT:

- Prevent new HIV transmission by using proven interventions:
 - Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP)
 - Syringe services programs (SSPs)
- Of the estimated 1 million Americans at substantial risk of HIV who could benefit from PrEP
 - Fewer that 1 in 4 actually use it

RESPOND:

- Respond quickly to potential HIV outbreaks to get needed prevention and treatment services to people who need them
- Use available data to identify where HIV is spreading most rapidly and guide decision making to address prevention, care and treatment needs at the local level



IMPORTANCE OF PROVIDER ENGAGEMENT

- EHE goal: Reducing new HIV infection by 90% by 2030
- We recognize that a multi-prong approach is required to reach EHE goal
- Engaging the Healthcare Community and establishing partnerships of support and collaboration is vital
- Individuals access the Healthcare system through multiple routes (ERs, UC, Private practices, FQHCs, Public Health Centers, etc.)
- Need to ensure wherever encounter occurs patients are educated about HIV, prevention strategies, tested appropriately, and linked to care/ prevention services



ENGAGEMENT GOALS

- Diagnose Ensure provider familiarity with HIV testing recommendations; Identify patients needing more frequent testing; Provide sexual history taking guidance
- **Treat** Assist with linkage to care and ensure linkage process completion
- Prevent Ensure providers are educated about HIV prevention tools (PrEP/nPEP), PrEP eligibility, PrEP/nPEP use, and prevention tools access/referral
- Respond Monitor trends and new infection rates. Educate providers about increased HIV morbidity and the population most impacted (situational awareness)

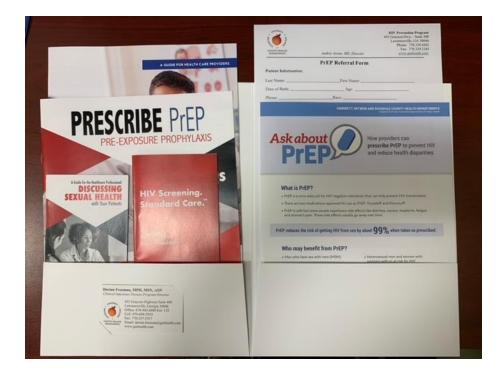
PROVIDER ENGAGEMENT STEPS: Mobile Engagement Nurse



- Identify high HIV incidence areas
- Contact Healthcare Providers
- 1st Engagement occurs usually by phone-
 - Discuss EHE initiative, vital role they play, and our desire to support services and provide guidance
 - Opportunity to learn about population served, provider practices, number of patients and service delivery
- 2nd Engagement is in person
 - Educate Staff and Provider(s): HIV Pre/post test counseling, sexual health interviewing skills, etc.
 - Provider folder provided with supporting documents
 - Opportunity to share GNR services and points of contact
- Follow-up in 1-2 weeks



PROVIDER PACKET



ENGAGEMENT PRIORITIES



- Establish rapport with providers, staff and healthcare community
- Partnership to support and enhance provider services
- Nurse acts as liaison between provider and patient
 - Soft hand off for patient
- Support HIV/STD reporting (provide training if necessary)
- Provide treatment guidance
- Access to the community through our Mobile Engagement Nurse and Community Health Worker collaboration
- True success requires community level input, collaboration, and communication



COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKER STEPS OF OUTREACH

- Identify Focused zip codes
- What do I want to know about the area prior to outreach
- Know your Priority area:
- Any businesses? What about these businesses?
- What race predominantly makes up this zip code?
- Know your priority population:
- 1 on 1 engagements \rightarrow 1 on 1 education
- Opens doors to community events \rightarrow Consistency \rightarrow Community relationships and trust

*As a result of this I am being referred within the community and even in my absence individuals are still coming back for questions and wanting to get enrolled in PrEP or get tested!

PROVIDER & COMMUNITY OUTREACH COLLABORATIONS



Why have these collaborations been so successful for us?

- Get feedback from the healthcare facilities on how to better serve the community
- Get insight of what provider to patient relationships look like
- Get a ground level view of the availability of care and services in the community
- Gain access to Events → Enhances access to our priority population and lets us establish relationships and trust within the community
- Collaboration success example : Patient waiting area education
 - THE STAFF IS THE COMMUNITY!! (Ex: HIV positive individual identified because of a Home Test we gave to a clinic staff member who took it home to one of her friends)



References



- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/group/gender/women/cdc-hiv-women-and-PrEP-discussion-series.pdf</u>
- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/statistics/overview/index.html</u>
- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/statistics.html</u>
- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/hiv-transmission/ways-people-get-hiv.html</u>
- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/prevention.html</u>
- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/clinicians/screening/benefits.html</u>



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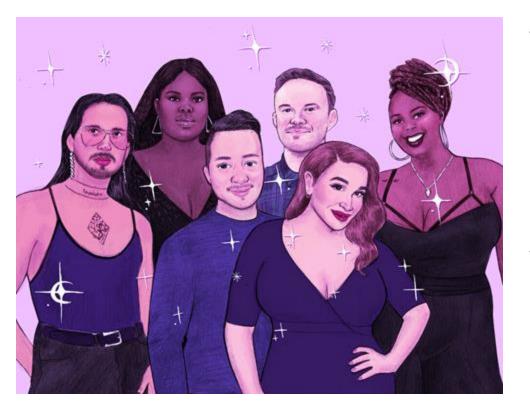
• Yazmin Silva *Community Health Worker* Office: 770-339-4260 ext. 551 Cell: 678-906-8791 <u>Yazmin.Silva@gnrhealth.com</u>

• Karem Samuels RN, BSN Mobile Engagement Nurse Office 678-342-8933 Cell: 678-446-7346 Karem.Echeverria@gnrhealth.com

Status-Neutral Messaging for HIV Prevention and Care for LGBTQ Persons

Trans Equity Consulting Mateo Belen, MSW

Trans Equity Consulting



Trans Equity Consulting makes the world a better place for transgender and nonbinary people by developing LGBTQ affirming services, establishing genuine equity in the workplace, and shepherding in new generations of change makers. Our work is committed to building the leadership of trans women of color, and to the centering of sex workers, immigrants and incarcerated peoples as experts in creating a more just world.

Stigma

In a survey of 27,715 trans and nonbinary individuals in 2015³:

- **30 percent** reported being fired, denied a promotion, or experiencing some other form of mistreatment related to their gender identity or expression.
- More than 26 percent of those who experienced housing instability avoided staying in a shelter because they feared being mistreated as a transgender person.
- **20 percent** have participated in the underground economies⁴

Language Matters

- Use the language people use for themselves.
- Ask yourself why you're asking this question
- Don't assume that every Trans person you meet is at risk for HIV
- Hire Trans people to not just be in the photos of your materials but to actually make them and run the programming



Art Credit: Anshika Khullar

More than your status

- Trans people are people
- Needs go beyond HIV care
- Housing
- Education
- Employment
- Community
- Safety



Let community lead

- Trans people should be included in every aspect of program. development through to implementation. This includes hiring trans people to lead the programming.
- Reallocate funding from traditional non profit organizations to go towards trans led organizations.



Community led models continued

My Sistahs House located in Memphis Tennessee and was founded in 2016 by two Trans Women of color. They providing emergency housing, advocacy, and multipronged resource assistance delivered by and for gender nonconforming (TGNC) people of color.



Let's Stop HIV Together

- We work with our partner organizations to disseminate the Let's Stop HIV Together materials through events both in person and virtual.
- One of our partners is Arianna
 Center in Florida who you can see in the banner on this slide.



Let's Stop HIV Together







Reach Out

Feel free to reach out to continue the conversation:

mateo@transequityconsulting.com

www.transequityconsulting.com





Presentation on "Status Neutral" Campaign by Robbyn Kistler, Social Impact Media Consultant For NASTAD and NCSD on March 8, 2022

WEEAIDS greaterthan.org

A Social Marketing Campaign on HIV Prevention, Testing and Treatment







KFF (Kaiser Family Foundation)

A national non-profit organization focused on pressing health issues in the U.S. (no affiliation with Kaiser Permanente).

As an information-driven organization, we accomplish our mission through policy analysis, polling and survey research, journalism, and social impact media.

Our work in HIV spans all these areas.

www.kff.org







IUGETHER.

A leading public information response focused on HIV in the U.S. from KFF, a non-profit organization focused on pressing health issues

Through Greater Than AIDS, KFF works with health departments and community partners across the nation to reach those most affected with the latest on testing, prevention and treatment.

Our **public-private partnership** model helps extend the reach of limited resources in high need areas.





ENDING HIV TOGETHER.



REAL PEOPLE. REAL STORIES.

Inspiring Videos about Prevention, **Testing and Treatment**

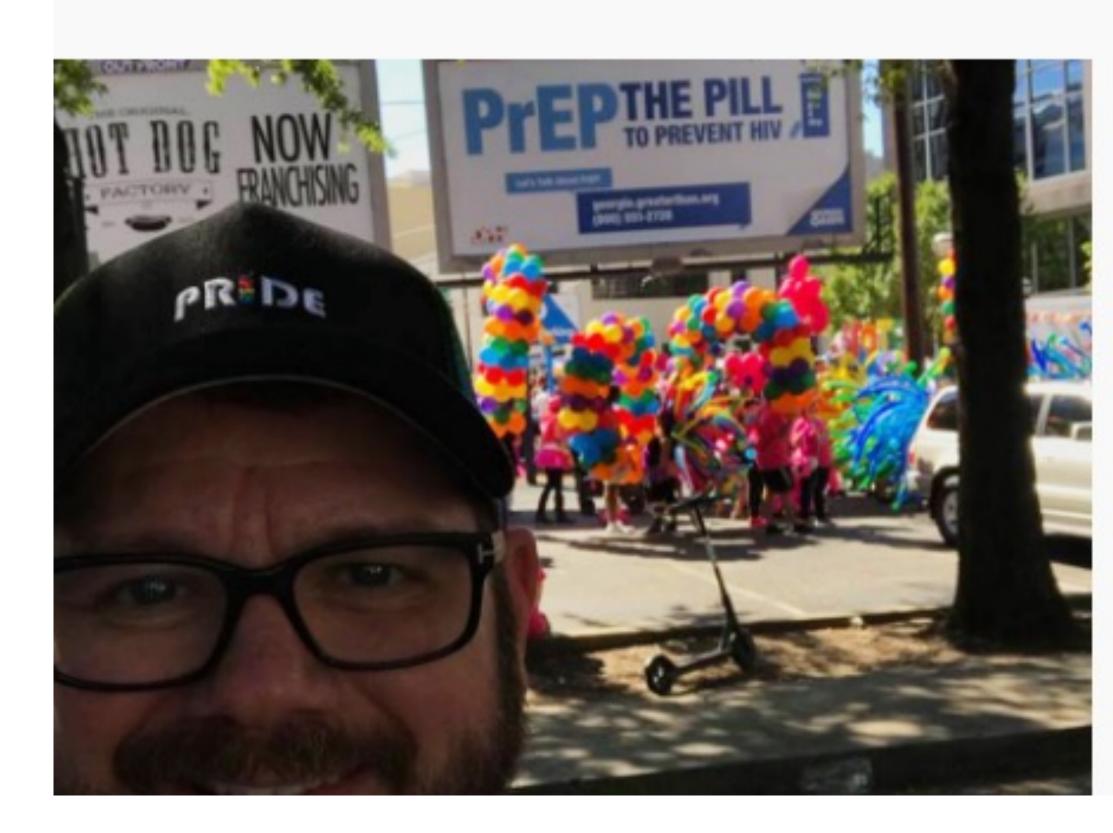
Greater Than AIDS uses storytelling to build community through shared experiences and convey critical health information in accessible, relatable terms.

An extensive video library is available for broadcast and digital distribution, client education and community events.





ENDING HIV TOGETHER.



MAKE YOUR COMMUNITY GREATER!

Media Ready Assets, Community **Tools, Events and More**

Greater Than AIDS media and community assets are available to support your public information needs.

Media messaging including digital ads and videos as well as outdoor, TV and radio can be localized for your city, state or region. Available in English and Spanish. All content rights-free.

Printed community materials – including brochures, palm cards, posters, T-shirts, buttons, stickers and more - can be ordered to support your community engagement and outreach.





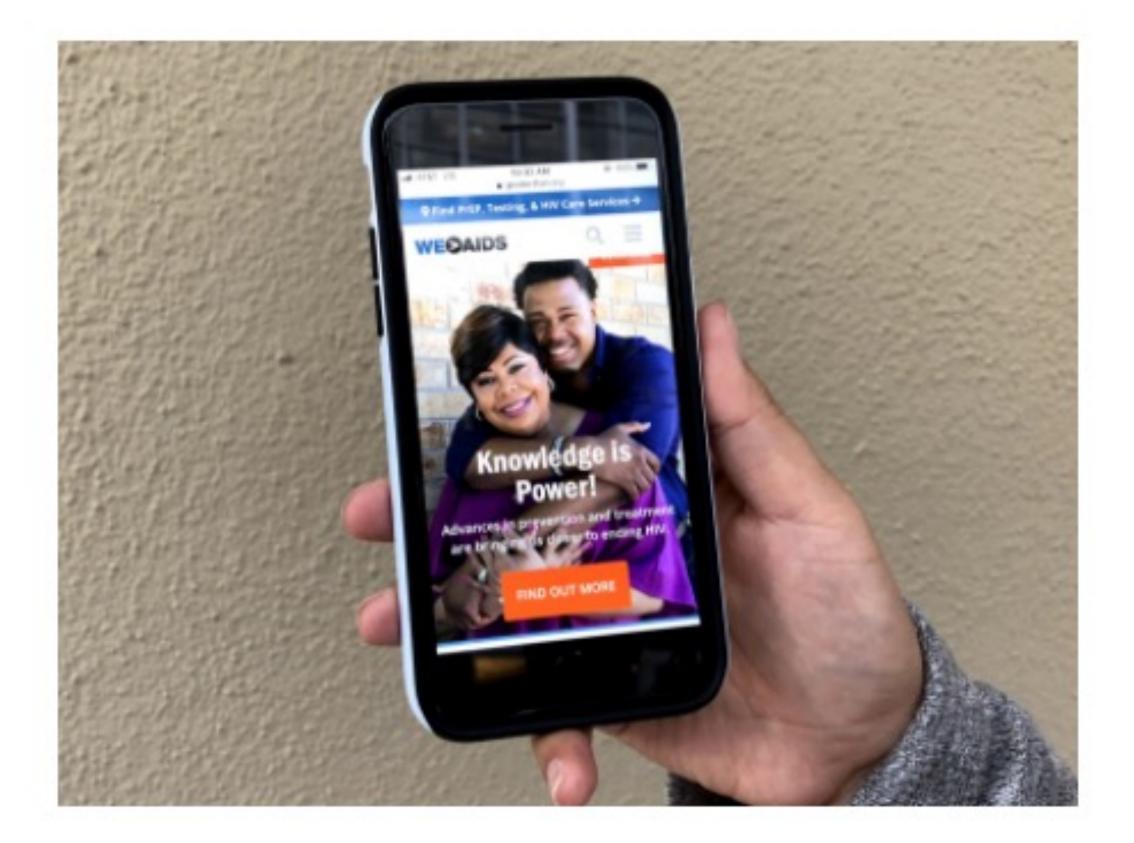
ENDING HIV TOGETHER.

KNOWLEDGE IS POWER!

Accessible, Mobile-Friendly Online HIV Resources

GreaterThan.org offers more than 100 FAQs - available in English and Spanish - covering HIV basics, testing, prevention, care and treatment. The easy-to-use site also includes informational videos, easy-to-use ZIP Code locators to find local care and other support services, and more.

Link to GreaterThan.org to support your social and online messaging and for additional resources. Content may be available to embed directly on your site.







WEØAIDS

Knowledge is Power!

Advances in prevention and treatment are bringing us closer to ending HIV.

FIND OUT MORE

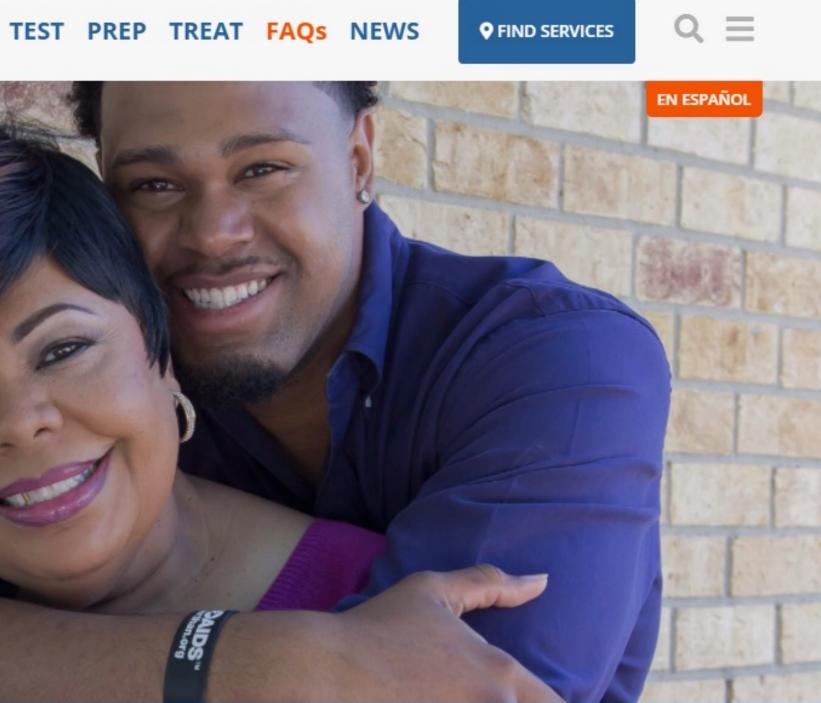


HIV testing is recommended as part of routine health care. FREE, confidential, and fast HIV testing is available across the U.S. Most places also offer other STD testing.

LEARN MORE



For those who do not have HIV, PrEP, a once daily pill available by prescription, offers another powerful means of protection. Most people pay little or nothing for PrEP.







Treatment offers significant health AND preventative benefits for people living with HIV. The amount of virus in the body can be reduced to very low, even undetectable levels.

LEARN MORE







HIV AND STD TESTING

Sample Media Assets



Why I Get Tested

HIV testing is recommended as part of routine healthcare. But that doesn't mean it automatically happens. To know for sure, ask to be tested!

Real people share their HIV testing experiences.

WATCH NOW



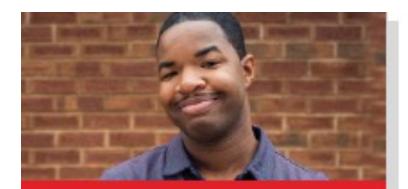


Autopruebas del VIH

Pruebas rápidas del VIH para hacer en casa o donde sea conveniente



Manténte Conectado. Manténte Sano.



STDs often show no symptoms. All are treatable. Many, like syphilis, are curable.



Ask to be tested for syphilis & HIV!

Don't have a regular doctor? No problem!

MORE .ACES 9 **TESTING.**





Got Questions about HIV, STDs, or viral hepatitis?















Sample Media Assets



Powered by PrEP

Real people share why they are taking the pill to prevent HIV and how it has helped them take charge of their health.

•••

WATCH NOW

When taken as prescribed, **PrEP** prevents HIV.

Most health insurance covers PrEP.

No insurance? There are options.



Did you know there is a pill to prevent HIV? Find out if it's right for you.



ENDINGHIV.ORG/TEXAS 5 Things to Know About PrEP!
--

LEARN MORE

Comment Like

Share



"PrEP is about being proactive about your health care."







HIV TREATMENT

Sample Media Assets



When HIV is undetectable it is not transmitted sexually.

Learn more →

WEGAIDS



Greater Than AIDS 🥑 ponsored · 🙆

...

Taking HIV medications every day as prescribed is the best way to get and stay undetectable. When HIV is undetectable, it is not passed through sex. #UequalsU



Living Well with HIV

From diagnosis to care and treatment, real people share their journeys living with HIV. How they overcame the struggles they faced and went from surviving to thriving.

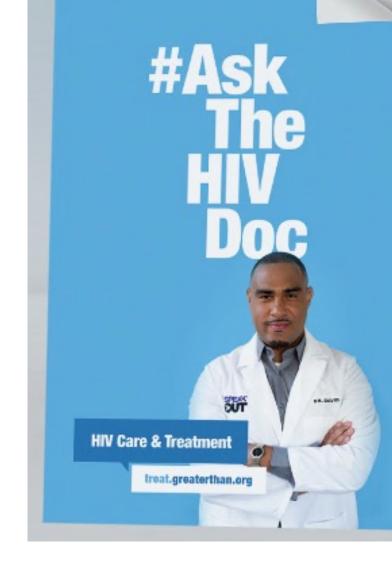
WATCH NOW



truth."



"There are services that can help you stay healthy and support you."











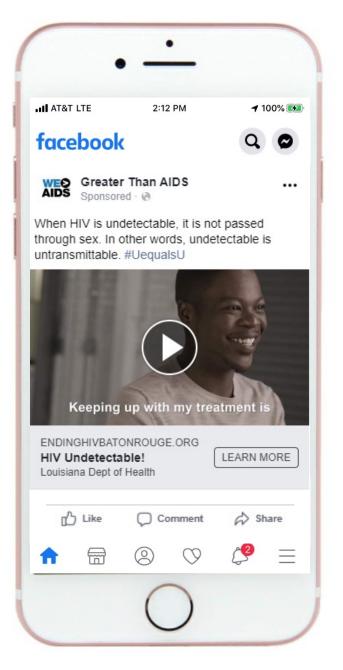
Baton Rouge EHE Campaign (2019)











HIV UNDETECTABLE. Stay Healthy, Prevent HIV.

The medications used to treat HIV work to lower the amount of virus to undetectable levels.

Taking HIV medications every day as prescribed is the best way for someone with HIV to get and stay undetectable.

When the viral load is undetectable, HIV is not passed through sex. In other words, undetectable is untransmittable.

Find Out More!

EndingHIVBatonRouge.org





National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases; U.S. Casters for Disease Control and Prevention





There are more options than ever to stay healthy

Watch on <u>YouTube</u>

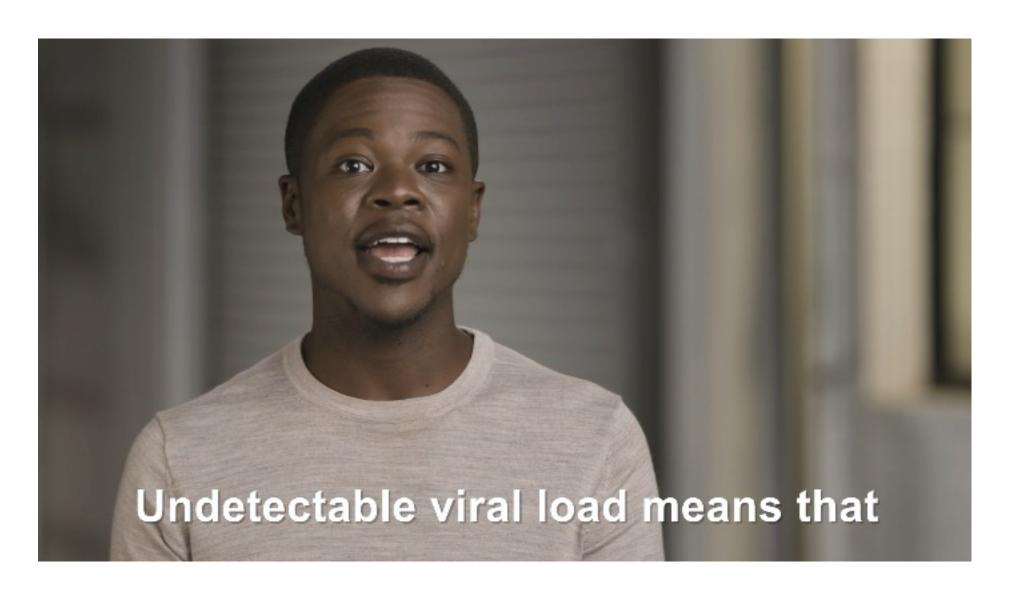


Embedded Video









Watch on <u>YouTube</u>



Embedded Video







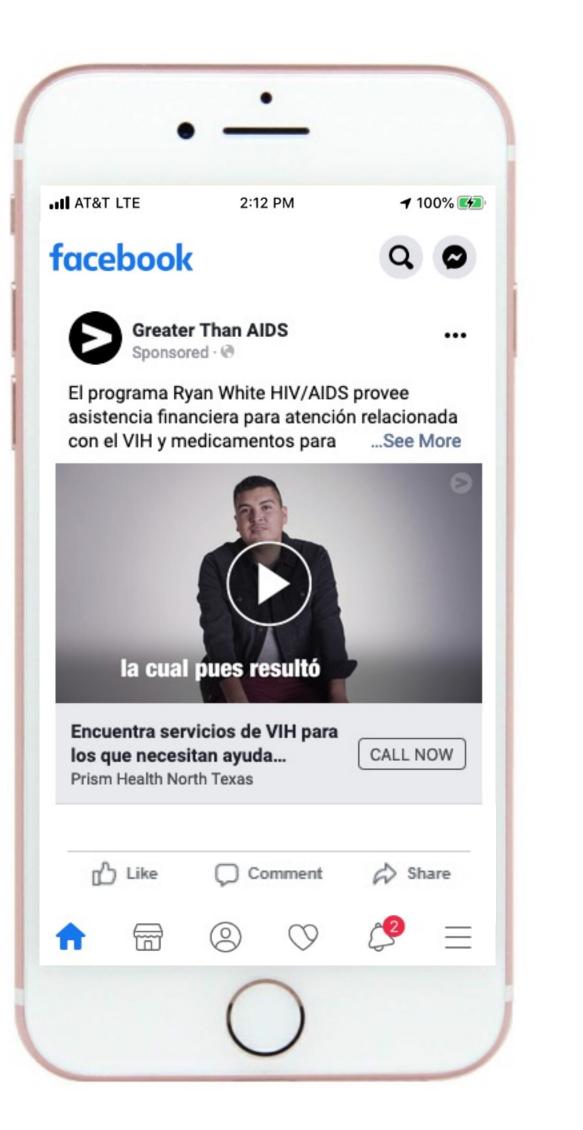
The **social worker** talked to me about the **Ryan White Program**.

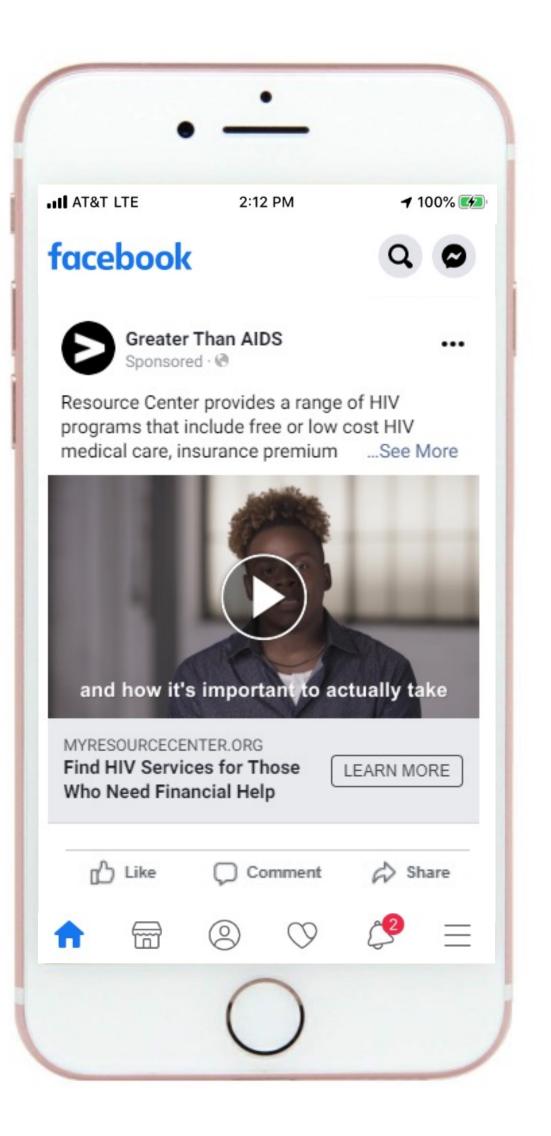


Watch on YouTube

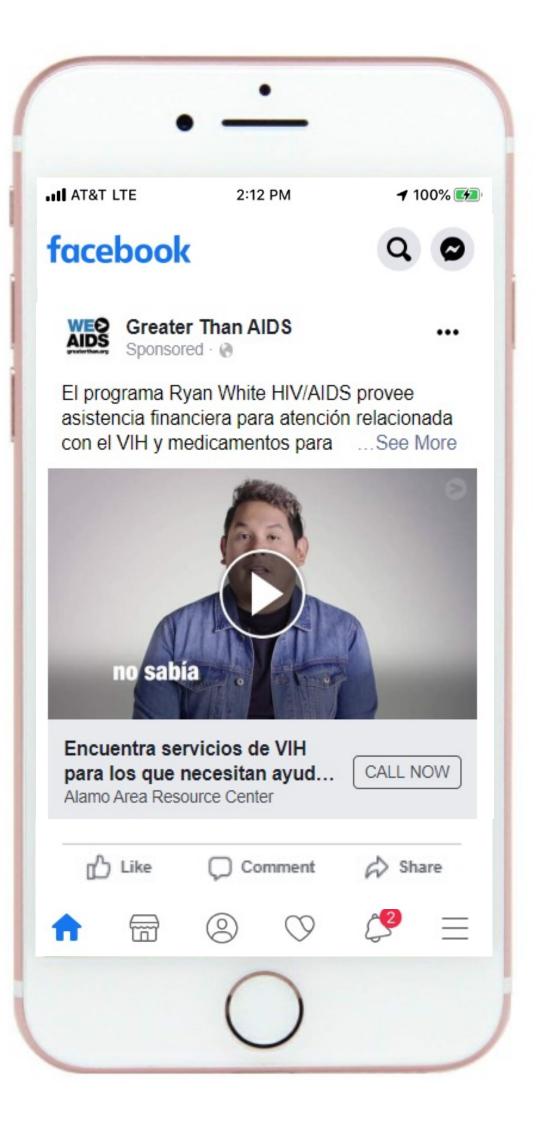
















NATIONAL HIV COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIP WEDAIDS *Ualgreens*













I GOT TESTED: What's Next? (Brochure Cover)









I GOT TESTED: What's Next? (Brochure Inside)









I GOT TESTED: What's Next? (Brochure Fully Open)

Let's Talk about HIV Testing!

HIV testing is recommended as a part of routine health care.

Talk with your health care provider about how often you should be tested for HIV. They can also advise about tests for other common STDs. For some, that may mean getting tested once a year. For others, it may be more often depending on risk.

HIV, like other STDs, often does not show symptoms right away. Left untreated, HIV and other STDs cause serious health problems and also increase the chance of transmitting to others.

The good news is all STDs, including HIV, are treatable and many common STDs are curable.

It's fast and easy.

Don't like needles? Ask about oral swab or finger stick HIV tests. Rapid HIV tests, depending on the manufacturer, can provide results in under 20 minutes with some as fast as one minute.

HIV self-tests that you can do yourself at home are also available from some health clinics, or you can buy one at most drug stores. A positive HIV self-test requires confirmation by a test done within a healthcare setting.

HIV and other STD testing is covered by most insurance, including Medicaid and Medicare. If you do not have insurance, or prefer to go out of plan, free or low-cost testing is available in most places.

Let's Talk about PrEP!

PrEP is a pill for people who do not have HIV and want added protection. It is taken every day - like birth control, but for HIV prevention. When taken as prescribed, PrEP is more than 99 percent effective.

If you are interested in taking PrEP, you will need to get a prescription. You will take an HIV test to make sure you are negative before starting PrEP.

As long as you are taking PrEP, you will have regular check-ins with a health care provider, typically every three months. You will be re-tested for HIV, and possibly other STDs, at these visits.

While very effective in preventing HIV, PrEP does not protect against other STDs. Condoms offer effective prevention against most STDs, including HIV, as well as pregnancy.

Getting	PrEP.

PrEP is covered by most insurance, including Medicaid and Medicare. Financial assistance is available for those with and without insurance. PrEP navigators at health clinics and community organizations can help you through the process of getting on PrEP, including with financial assistance.

Any medical professional who can prescribe, including doctors, nurse practitioners, and physician assistants, can write prescriptions for PrEP, but not all are familiar with it. The PrEP locator on GreaterThan.org can help you find knowledgeable providers in your area.



GreaterThan.org offers more than 100 FAQs - in English and Spanish covering HIV basics, testing, evention, and treatment.

Find HIV testing and care providers, including PrEP services, near you using ZIP Code based locators.



Ready, Set, PrEP is a program from the Department of Health and Human Services that provides PrEP at no cost for people who do not have prescription drug coverage.

For more details, including eligibility, go to: GetYourPrEP.com





Let's Talk about HIV Treatment!

While there is no cure, HIV is a manageable health condition.

With treatment, it is possible to reduce the amount of HIV to very low levels. This keeps you from getting sick and prevents passing the virus to others.



Left untreated, HIV attacks the body's immune system, specifically the CD4 cells, which fight off infections. Antiretrovirals (ARVs), the prescription medications that treat HIV, keep the immune system working as it is supposed to.

When lab tests indicate your viral load is below 200 copies, this is referred to as being virally suppressed, or undetectable. Your HIV test will still be positive, but when the virus is undetectable it is not transmitted sexually.

Most people with HIV who take ARVs as prescribed will get and stay undetectable.

There are many different ARVs available today, including some that are combined into a single pill. All require a prescription from a health care provider, who can advise on the best one for you.

Missing doses or otherwise not taking ARVs as prescribed reduces effectiveness, both for health and prevention, and may result in the virus becoming drug resistant.

If you are having difficulty keeping up with your care, or are experiencing issues with your current medication, talk with your health care provider. They can work with you to get you back on track, including trying different ARVs if needed.

Many HIV service organizations offer educational and support programs for individuals living with HIV and loved ones.

Get connected to care.

If you do not have insurance, or need financial assistance with your HIV care and insurance costs, there are programs that can help.

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program works with health departments and community-based organizations to provide HIV-related medical care, access to prescription drugs, and insurance for people living with HIV. The program also provides other essential services for people living with HIV, such as transportation, housing assistance, dental, mental health, and substance abuse programs.

Through the Affordable Care Act (ACA), individuals can buy their own insurance through healthcare.gov or state-run programs. You cannot be denied coverage or charged more because of your HIV status in these plans. Financial assistance may be available. In some states, coverage may be provided through Medicaid.

As a critical part of your health care team, Walgreens pharmacists offer expert advice on everything from managing medication to navigating your insurance benefits.

- HIV/AIDS trained pharmacists in more than 1,000 locations
- One-on-one medication counseling via phone or online chat*
- Medication support services available at no additional cost
- Guidance on copay assistance programs for PrEP and other medications

* Availability varies with heavy usage.

For free confidential conversations regarding prescriptions and over-the-counter medications, pricing inquires, and more, call 800-573-3602 or visit HIV.walgreens.com





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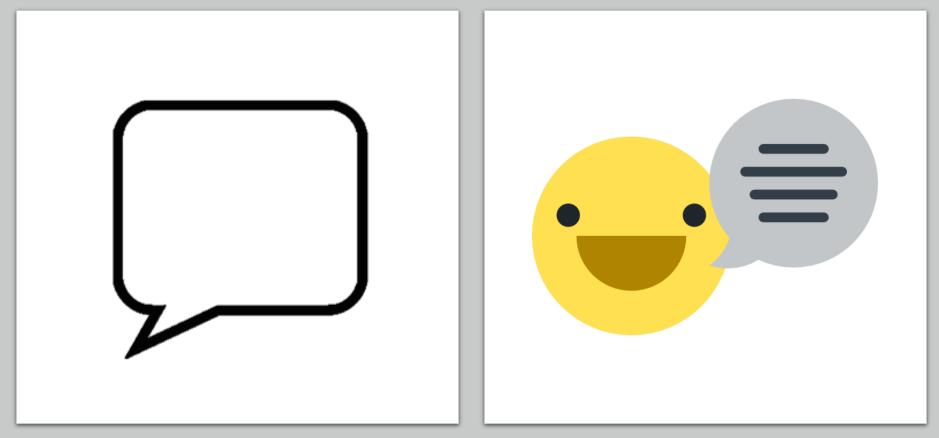
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To Learn More or Request CDC CBA/TA services on this content area

and other TA needs:

https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/programresources/capacitybuilding/

